

# OECD SERVICES TRADE RESTRICTIVENESS INDEX FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS

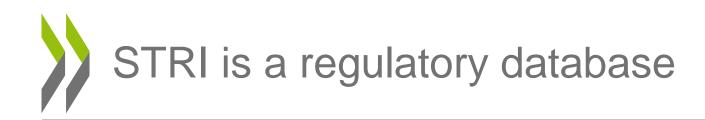
Frédéric Gonzales, OECD Trade and Agriculture Directorate

BEREC expert workshop on IP-Interconnection in co-operation with the OECD 21 November 2016

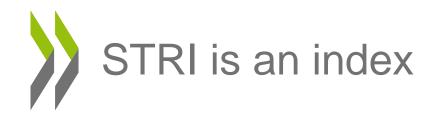


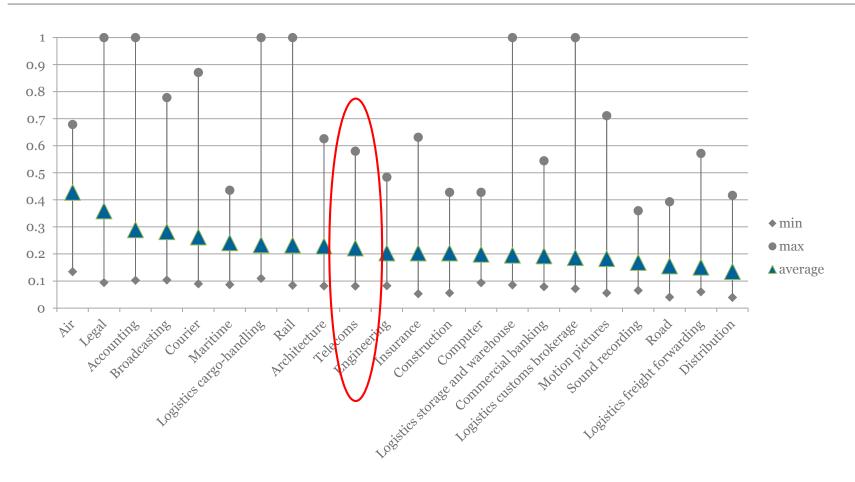


# What is the OECD Services Trade Restrictiveness Index (OECD STRI)?



- Standardised set of measures (GATS, RTAs, regulations identified by regulators, business and academics), with links to sources more than 10,000 laws and regulations
- 44 countries
- 22 sectors
- Around 90000 observations per year for 2014, 2015 and 2016

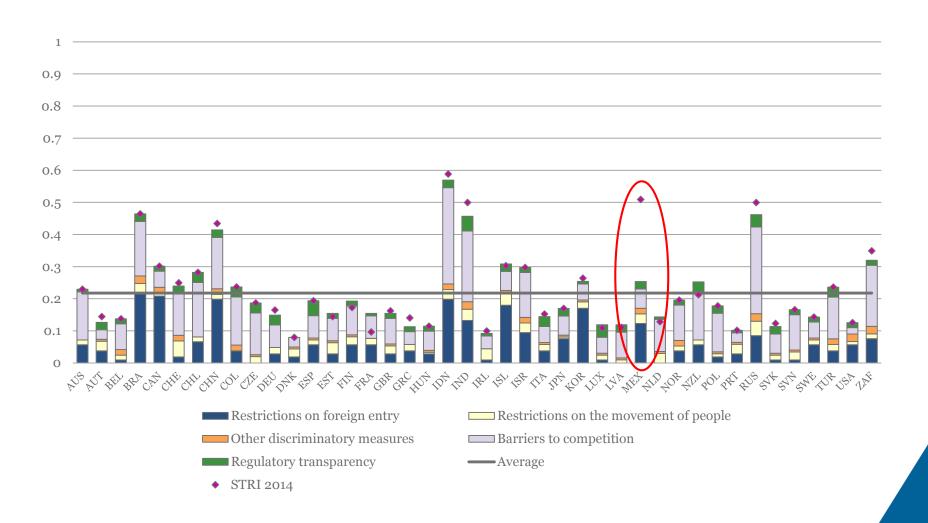




A snapshot of trade restrictiveness for the countries and sectors included at a particular point in time



# STRI telecommunications (2015)





# The STRI methodology



Measures not considered

Unbundling of the local

loop is required:

Colocation or site sharing is

mandated:

Access to and use of public

telecommunications

services is mandated:

Dialling parity is required;

## STRI Methodology for the Telecom

sector

Case B Dominant supplier(s)

### Case A Facilities based competiti

### Regulations considered

Local loop unbundling prices are regulated; Vertical separation is required:

Wholesale access prices ar regulated:

Interconnection prices and conditions are regulated; Interconnection and/or access agreements are made public;

Mobile termination rates are regulated;

Resale of public telecommunications services to other supplier of telecommunications services, including foreign suppliers is mandated; resale of public

Rates and conditions for telecommunications services to other supplier of telecommunications services are regulated

### Bundle 1

Unbundling of the local loop is required;

> Local loop unbundling prices are regulated;

Colocation or site sharing is mandated:

Accounting separation is reauired:

### Bundle 2

Access to and use of public telecoms services is mandated:

Wholesale access prices are regulated;

Interconnection and/or access agreements are made public

Accounting separation is required

### **Bundle 3**

Interconnection is mandated:

Interconnection prices and conditions are regulated;

Interconnection and/or access agreements are made public

or

Accounting separation is required

### Bundle 4

Resale of public telecom services to other suppliers of telecoms services, including foreign suppliers is mandated;

Rates and conditions for resale of public telecoms services to other suppliers of telecom services are

regulated

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### Stand-alone measures

Mobile termination rates are regulated;

Dialling parity is required

### Bundle 4

Resale of public telecom services to other suppliers of telecoms services. including foreign suppliers is mandated:

Rates and conditions for resale of public telecoms services to other suppliers of telecom services are regulated

### Stand-alone measures

Mobile termination rates are regulated; Dialling parity is

required

YES	NO	YES	NO
0	0	1	0

Αt least All YES one NO

All YES

Αt least one NO

All YES

least one NO

Both YES

least one NO

YES

NO

least one NO

Both least YES one YES

0

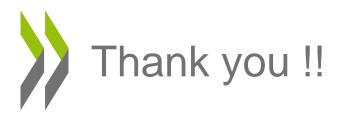
Αt

NO



# A new model for the next vintage?

- 1. What is best practice regulation of access and interconnection?
- 2. Under which circumstances are ex ante regulations still needed?
- 3. If price caps are imposed, how should they be calculated?



### Contact us

We look forward to hearing from you!















Access all of the information from the Trade & Agriculture Directorate at:

www.oecd.org/tad

You can reach us via e-mail by sending your message to the following address:

tad.contact@oecd.org

We invite you to connect with us on Twitter by following:

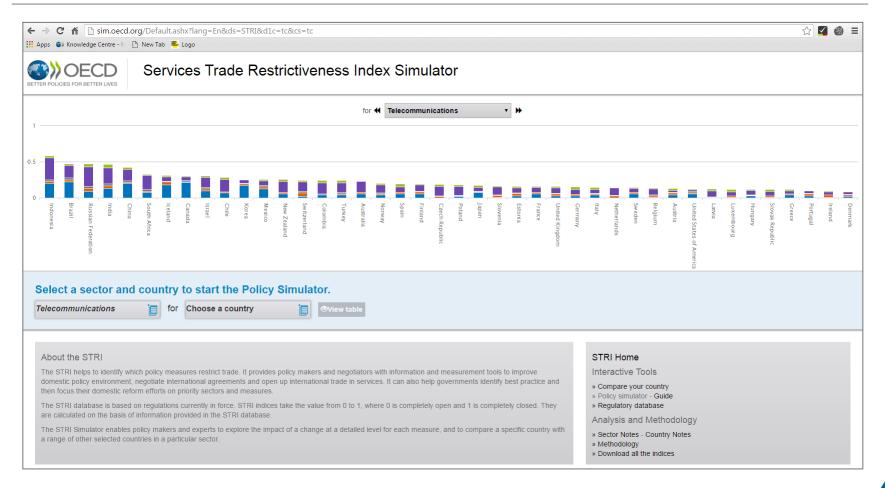
@OECDtrade



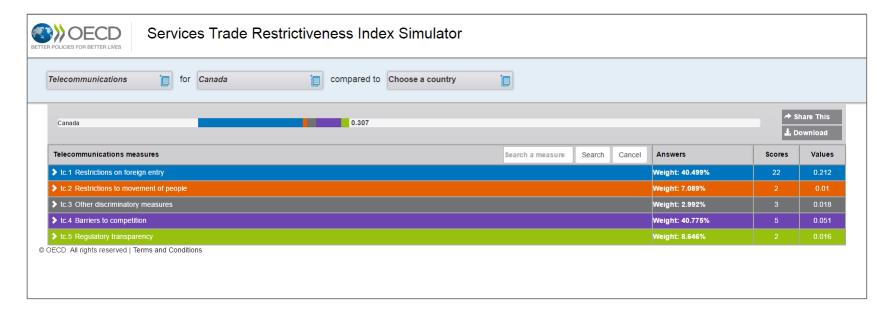
# The STRI policy simulator

http://sim.oecd.org

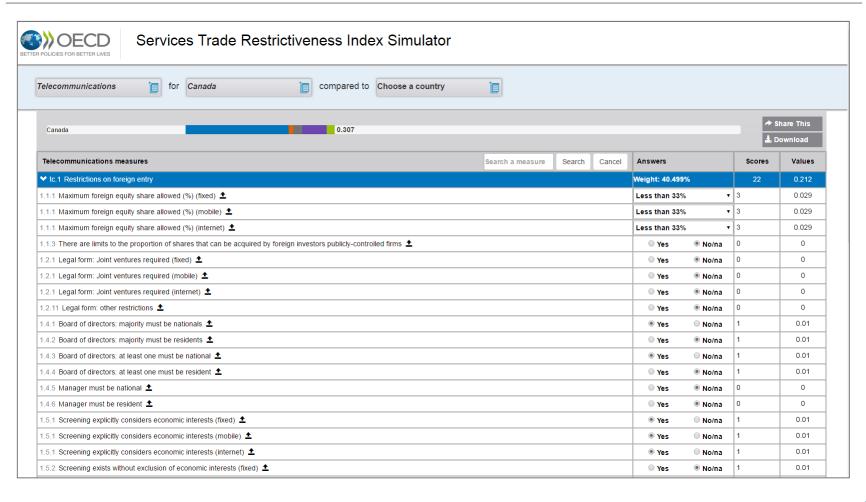














> tc.1 Restrictions on foreign entry	Weight: 40.499%	13	0.125
➤ tc.2 Restrictions to movement of people	Weight: 7.089%		0.03
> tc.3 Other discriminatory measures Weight: 2.992%			0.018
▼ tc.4 Barriers to competition	Weight: 40.775%	6	0.061
4.1.2 Decisions by the regulatory body can be appealed ±	Yes/na       No	0	0
4.2.1 Firms have redress when business practices restrict competition in a given market ±	Yes/na      No	0	0
4.3.1 The government controls at least one major firm in the sector <b>≜</b>	⊚ Yes ● No/na	0	0
4.4.1 Publicly-controlled firms are exempted from the application of the general competition law ±	⊚ Yes ● No/na	0	0
4.3.2 The government has special voting rights (e.g. golden shares) in any firms ±	⊚ Yes ● No/na	0	0
4.10.1 Access to and use of public telecommunications service is mandated (fixed) ±	● Yes ○ No/na	0	0
4.10.1 Access to and use of public telecommunications service is mandated (mobile) <b>±</b>	● Yes ○ No/na	0	0
4.10.1 Access to and use of public telecommunications service is mandated (internet) ±	● Yes ○ No/na	0	0
4.12.1 Wholesale access prices are regulated (fixed) ±	● Yes ○ No/na	0	0
4.12.1 Wholesale access prices are regulated (mobile) <b>±</b>		0	0
4.12.1 Wholesale access prices are regulated (internet) <b>±</b>		0	0
4.13.1 Interconnection is mandated (fixed) ±	● Yes ○ No/na	0	0
4.13.1 Interconnection is mandated (mobile) <b>±</b>	● Yes ○ No/na	0	0
4.13.2 Interconnection prices and conditions are regulated (fixed) ±	● Yes ○ No/na	0	0
4.13.2 Interconnection prices and conditions are regulated (mobile) ±	● Yes ○ No/na	0	0
4.13.3 Interconnection and/or access agreements are made public (fixed) ±	● Yes ○ No/na	0	0
4.13.3 Interconnection and/or access agreements are made public (mobile) ±	● Yes ○ No/na	0	0
4.14.1 Unbundling of the local loop is required <b>±</b>	● Yes ○ No/na	0	0
4.14.2 Local loop unbundling prices are regulated <b>±</b>	● Yes ○ No/na	0	0
4.15.1 Collocation or site sharing is mandated (fixed) <b>±</b>	● Yes ○ No/na	0	0
4.15.1 Collocation or site sharing is mandated (mobile) ±	● Yes ○ No/na	1	0.01
4.16.1 Resale of public telecommunications services to other suppliers is mandated (fixed) ±	● Yes ○ No/na	0	0
4.16.1 Resale of public telecommunications services to other suppliers is mandated (mobile) ±	● Yes ○ No/na	0	0
4.17.1 Secondary spectrum trading is allowed <b>±</b>		0	0
4.18.1 Mobile termination rates are regulated <b>±</b>		0	0
4.19.1 Wholesale roaming rates are regulated ±	○ Yes/na ● No	1	0.01
4.19.2 Retail roaming rates are regulated <b>±</b>	○ Yes/na ● No	1	0.01
4.23.1 Vertical separation is required (fixed) <b>≜</b>	Yes       No/na	0	0
4.23.1 Vertical separation is required (mobile) ±	Yes    No/na	0	0
4.23.1 Vertical separation is required (internet) <b>±</b>	Yes    No/na	1	0.01
4.24.1 Contracts for universal services obligations are assigned on a competitive basis <b>±</b>	Yes    No/na	0	0
4.25.17 Memo: At least one dominant firm in the market segment considered (fixed) ±	Yes    No/na	0	0
4.25.17 Memo: At least one dominant firm in the market segment considered (mobile termination) ±	Yes    No/na	0	0
4.25.17 Memo: At least one dominant firm in the market segment considered (mobile origination) ±	Yes    No/na	0	0
4.25.17 Memo: At least one dominant firm in the market segment considered (internet) ±	⊚ Yes ● No/na	0	0
4.50.1 Other restrictions in barriers to competition <b>±</b>		0	0
➤ tc.5 Regulatory transparency	Weight: 8.646%	3	0.024



