

BoR (16) 106

Some BEREC views on the review of the Telecoms Framework in Europe

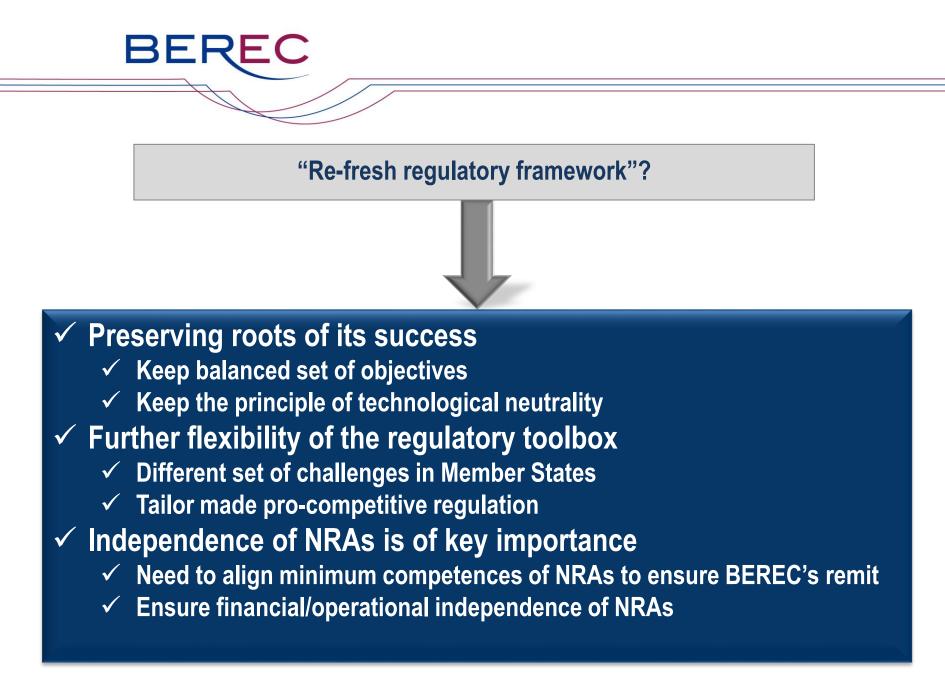
Wilhelm Eschweiler, BEREC Chair 2016

INTX International Lunch Series: Europe 17 May 2016, Boston



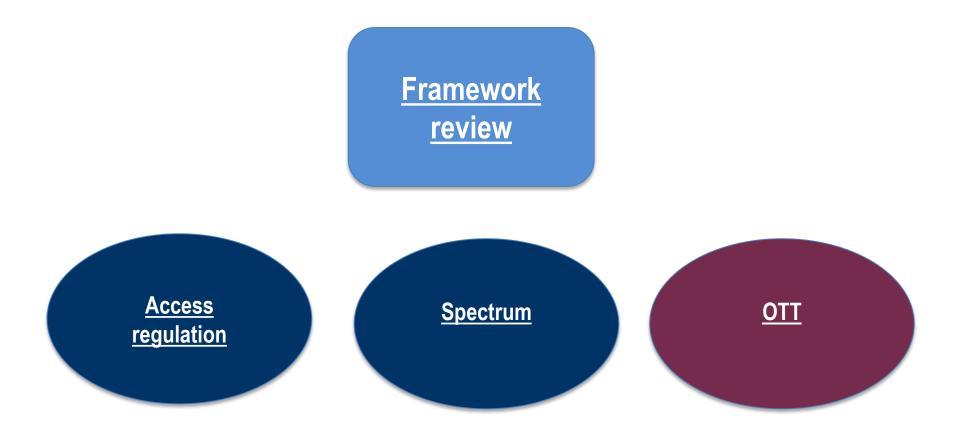
Starting point: Current Regulatory framework & its instruments have proven successful & effective

- balanced set of regulatory objectives and principles
- Regulatory toolbox
- Independence of NRAs





Key issues Framework Review





- Effective competition will remain key to incentivise investment
- Mix of different instruments needed
- NRA flexibility to choose most adequate instrument
 - Best technological solution
 - Best model of competition



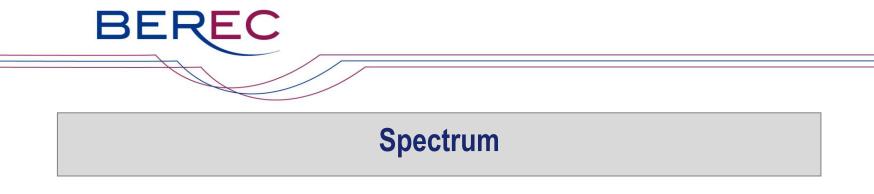
Access Regulation (2): investment incentives

- Effective competition drives innovation and investment
- Regulatory environment to remain open to competition
 - Large number of telcos across EU EEA:
 - increasing market shares of altnets
 - decreasing market shares of incumbents
 - Investment in broadband networks (period 2006-2015) :
 - xDSL subscriptions 70%
 - cable 18%
 - FTTH/B emerging
 - Variety of offers: telecoms services, fixed voice, internet access services, mobile data, mobile voice
 - Decreasing prices for consumers
- EU framework includes flexibility, i.e. regulatory toolbox to find best technological solution and best model of competition

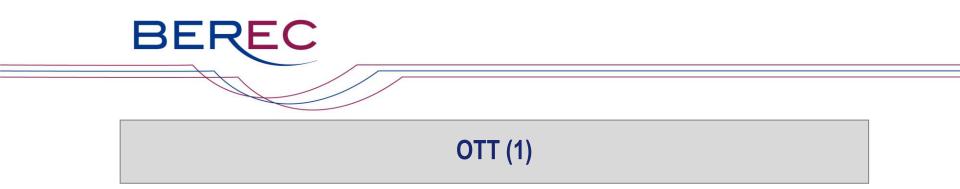


Access Regulation (3): oligopolies

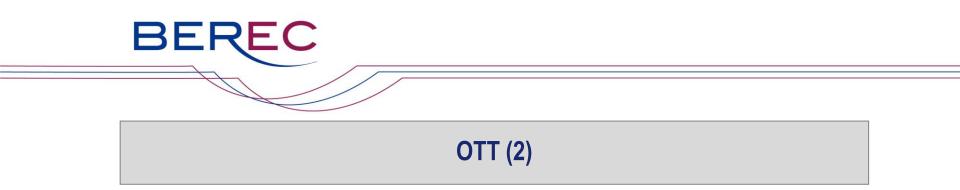
- Adapt regulatory toolbox to market changes
- Significant M&A activities in Europe leading to oligopolies:
 - Market structure changing mostly from 4 to 3 players
 - Mostly mobile markets, e.g. mergers AT, IE, DE, and ongoing case in UK
- Why are we concerned?
 - Less players
 - Less competitive pressure
 - Less competition: price increase, decreasing variety of offers
- What could we do when there is a need?
 - Symmetric regulation
 - Monitor market conduct and intervene in case of need



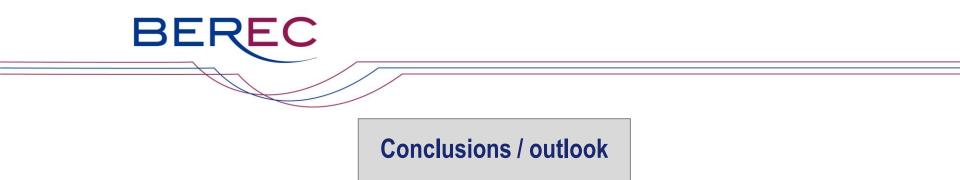
- European and global coordination
 - is essential regarding spectrum for electronic communication services
 - is already a reality
- Evaluate existing extensive tools to harmonise spectrum for electronic communications services, set timelines for the availability and enforcing (Problems? If so how to tackle?)
- Spectrum essential input to achieve EU connectivity targets
- Further (top down) harmonisation bears risks resulting in inefficient use of spectrum
- Instead promoting harmonised approaches to spectrum management bottom-up with best practices



- Provision of internet-based services (OTTs) of increasingly importance and of great value for consumers/businesses
- Boundary between traditional telecom services and content services becomes more and more blurred
- NRAs role to monitor market developments (impact of new players/business models) on telecom markets
- Future scope of framework needs to be carefully considered in order
 - to keep pace with the current technological developments
 - to ensure competitive dynamics and adequate consumer protection



- Clear focus on "OTT-1" services which potentially compete with /are considered to be substitutes to electronic communications services
- "Level playing field" careful assessment required
 - reason to reduce the scope of regulation?
 - reason to increase the scope of regulation?
- On-going BEREC "rule by rule assessment" in the light of policy objectives and proportionality



- Framework review is a chance for reflection ahead
- BEREC ready to deliver and to provide its input
- Key to retain independence of BEREC to maintain regulatory expertise
- BEREC's rootedness in independent NRAs must remain at the heart of regulatory system
- Current BEREC work focusing on key framework review issues inter alia access regulation, spectrum and OTT issues
- Transatlantic dialogue important to learn from each other



Many thanks for your attention!

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